



### SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

Section 1. Identification				
Product identifier	Metaflux 70-78 Stainless Steel Finish Spray			
Other means of identification 70-78				
Recommended use and restrictions on		COATING/AEROSOL		
use				
Initial supplier identifier	AMETA SOLUTION.COM 1392, AVENUE DE LA GARE, MASCOUCHE, (QUÉBEC), J7K 2Z2, CANADA			
	TÉL. (450) 477-3102 & (888) 452-6382 <u>WWW.AMETASOLUTION.COM</u>			

Emergency telephone number/restriction on use Canada – CANUTEC 24 hour number 613-996-6666

#### Section 2. Hazard identification

### Classification of hazardous product (name of the category or subcategory of the hazard class)

Extremely flammable aerosol (Category 1)

Gas under pressure (compressed gas)

Skin sensitization (category 1)

Eye irritation (Category 2A)

Aspiration hazard (Category 1)

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure (Category 3), Central nervous system

Carcinogenicity (Category 2)

Reproductive toxicity (Category 2)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic (Category 3)

### Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)









H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. \*\*\* May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 Wash hands/nails/face thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a doctor. P331 DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 IF SKIN irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES, Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a doctor if you feel unwell. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P391 Collect spillage. P410+P412+P403+P233 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container into safe container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.

Other hazards known Simple Asphyxiants (Category 1) A gas that is a simple asphyxiant\*\*\*

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients				
Chemical name (common name/synonyms)	CAS number or other	Concentration (%)*		
Acetone	67-64-1	5-10		
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	5-10		
Hydrocarbons, C9, Aromatics	EC 918-668-5	5-10		
Xylenes	1330-20-7	1-5		
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes	64742-49-0	1-5		
Naphtha (petroleum), desulfurized heavy	64742-82-1	1-5		
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1-5		
n-Butanol	71-36-3	1-5		
Nickel	7440-02-0	< 1		
Chromium	7440-47-3	< 1		
Butane	106-97-8			
Propane	74-98-6			
All ingredients are	listed according to OSHA (29 CFR).	•		



* Statement - This safety data sheet provides concentration range(s) instead of the actual concentration(s) considered trade secret(s).				
Section 4. First-aid measures				
Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and	l keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.		
Ingestion	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a doctor	r. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is		
	rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconsciousness.	ous or convulsing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Have victim drink two		
	glasses of water. If vomiting occurs naturally,	have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration.		
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water. (15	5-20 minutes) IF SKIN irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. Take off		
	contaminated clothing and wash it before reus	e.		
Eye contact	IF IN EYES, Rinse cautiously with water for	for several minutes (15-20). Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.		
	Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Ge	t medical attention.		
Most important	symptoms and effects (acute or delayed)	Causes serious eve irritation.		

# In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document. Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)

Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.

### Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish.

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.

#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should wear the appropriate protective equipment (See Section 8).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage. Ventilate area of release. Stop the leak if it can be done safely. Contain and absorb any spilled liquid concentrate with inert absorbent material, then place material into a container for later disposal (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. Notify the appropriate authorities as required.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash hands/nails/face thoroughly after handling. Wear gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Before handling, it is very important that engineering controls are operating, and that protective equipment requirements and personal hygiene measures are being followed. People working with this chemical should be properly trained regarding its hazards and its safe use. Inspect containers for leaks before handling. Label containers appropriately. Ensure proper ventilation. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid generating high concentrations of dusts, vapours or mists. Keep away from incompatible materials (Section 10). Keep containers closed when not in use. Empty containers are always dangerous. Refer also to Section 8.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up. Store away from incompatible materials (Section 10). Inspect all incoming containers to make sure they are properly labelled and not damaged. Storage area should be clearly identified, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained personnel. Inspect periodically for damage or leaks.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

# Control parameters (biological limit values or exposure limit values and source of those values)

Exposure limits: CAS 74-98-6 & 106-97-8 – ACGIH – TLV-TWA (STEL) & PEL-TWA 1000 ppm; CAS 67-64-1 – ACGIH – TLV-TWA 500 ppm & TLV-STEL 750 ppm; CAS 1330-20-7 ACGIH – TLV-TWA 100 ppm (STEL 150 ppm) & PEL-TWA 100 ppm; CAS 100-41-4 ACGIH – TLV-TWA 20 ppm & PEL-TWA 100 ppm; CAS 123-86-4 – ACGIH – TLV-TWA 150 ppm (STEL 200 ppm); CAS 71-36-3 ACGIH – TLV-TWA 20 ppm; CAS 7440-47-3 ACGIH – TLV-TWA 0.5 mg/m³ & PEL 0.5 mg/m³; CAS 7440-02-0 ACGIH – TLV-TWA 1.5 mg/m³;

### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Use under well-ventilated conditions. Local exhaust ventilation system is recommended to maintain concentrations of contaminants below exposure limits. Make emergency eyewash stations, safety/quick-drench showers, and washing facilities available in work area.

# Individual protection measures/personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection is required if the concentrations are higher than the exposure limits. Use a NIOSH approved respirators if the exposure limits are unknown. Chemically protective gloves (impervious), and other protective clothing to prevent prolonged or repeated skin contact, must be worn during all handling operations. Wear protective chemical splash goggles to prevent mists from entering the eyes. Wash hands/nails/face thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material. Remove and wash contaminated work clothing before re-use.



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties							
Appearance, physical state/colour Gray liquid (aerosol)			Vapour pressure		Not available		
Odour Characteristic			Vapour density		Heavier than air		
Odour threshold Not available			Relative density		Not available		
pH Not available			Not m	t miscible			
Melting/freezing point Not available			Partition coefficient - n-octanol/water Not available				
Initial boiling point/range Not available			Auto-ignition temperature Not available				
Flash point Not available			<b>Decomposition temperature</b> Not available				
Evaporation rate Not available			Not ava	ilable			
Flammability (solids and gases) Extremely flammable aerosol			Not available				
Upper and lower flammability/explosive limits Not available			her None known				
Section 10 Stability and reactivity							

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Reactivity

Does not react under the recommended storage and handling conditions prescribed.

### Chemical stability

Stable under the recommended storage and handling conditions prescribed.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Accumulation of flammable if product is heated. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

### **Conditions to avoid (static discharge, shock or vibration)**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

### **Incompatible materials**

Oxidizing materials; etc.

### **Hazardous decomposition products**

None known

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on the likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact)

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Skin irritation, redness, stinging, pain; Eye irritation, redness, tearing; Respiratory tract irritation, coughing, shortness of breath, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and headaches.

# Delayed and immediate effects (chronic effects from short-term and long-term exposure)

Skin Sensitization - Possible;

Respiratory Sensitization - No data available;

Germ Cell Mutagenicity – No data available;

Carcinogenicity - Ingredient listed by IARC, ACGIH, NTP or OSHA;

Reproductive Toxicity - Possible;

Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure – Possible;

Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Repeated Exposure – No data available;

Aspiration Hazard – Possible;

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - No data available.

### Numerical measures of toxicity (ATE; LD<sub>50</sub> & LC<sub>50</sub>)

CAS 106-97-8  $LC_{50}$  658000 mg/m³ 4 hrs (rat); CAS 67-64-1  $LD_{50}$  Oral - Rat - 5800 mg/kg;  $LC_{50}$  Inhalation - Rat - 8 h - 50100 mg/m³;  $LD_{50}$  Dermal - Guinea pig - 7426 mg/kg; CAS 1330-20-7 Oral, rat  $LD_{50}$  4300 mg/kg; Dermal, rabbit  $LD_{50}$  12100 mg/kg; CAS 100-41-4 Oral, rat  $LD_{50}$  3500 mg/kg; Dermal, rabbit  $LD_{50}$  15380 mg/kg; CAS 123-86-4  $LD_{50}$  Oral - Rat - 10760 mg/kg; CAS 71-36-3  $LD_{50}$  Oral - Rat - 790 mg/kg; ATE not available in this document.

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**Section 14. Transport information** 

UN number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the TDG Regulations

UN1950; AEROSOLS; CLASS 2.1

UN number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the 49 CFR (USA)

UN1950; AEROSOLS; CLASS 2.1

UN number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the IMDG (maritime)

UN1950; AEROSOLS; CLASS 2.1;

UN number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the IATA (air)

UN1950; AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE; CLASS 2.1

Special precautions (transport/conveyance) May also be shipped as a LIMITED QUANTITY in accordance with TDG.

Environmental hazards (IMDG or other) None

Bulk transport (usually more than 450 L in capacity) Not possible

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety/health Canadian regulations specifics

Refer to Section 2 for the appropriate classification. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and of the United States OSHA (29 CFR).

**Environmental Canadian regulations specifics** Refer to Section 3 for ingredient(s) of the DSL

### Safety/health/environmental outside regulations specifics

Time Weighted Average

Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

**TWA** 

WHMIS

United States OSHA information: This product is regulated according to OSHA (29 CFR).

United States EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) information: 40 CFR Refer to the ingredients listed in Section 3 & Sections 12; 13 & 14.

United States TCSA information: Refer to the ingredients listed in Section 3.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

HEALTH: 1 FLAMMABILITY: 4 INSTABILITY: 1 SPECIAL HAZARDS: Refer to Section 2 & 3.

HAZARD SCALE: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

California Proposition 65: **WARNING** This product contains Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) & Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) known to the State of California to cause cancer or other reproductive harm.

California to cause cancer or other reproductive narm.		
Section 16. Other information		
Date of the lates	st revision of the safety data sheet DATE 2025-02-25	
References	Safety Data Sheets from manufacturer/supplier & from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety, CCOHS.	
Abbreviations		
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate	
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service	
DSL	Domestic Substance List	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
LC	Lethal concentration	
LD	Lethal Dosage	
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health	
NTP	National Toxicology Program (U.S.A.)	
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S.A.)	
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit	
STEL	Short-term Exposure Limit	
TDG	Transport of dangerous goods in Canada	
TLV	Threshold Limit Value	
TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act	

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.